District of Columbia, any agency or instrumentality of any of the foregoing, or any agency of the Federal Government. Property as to which findings of fact have been made, may be donated to a public body.

§644.496 Abandonment.

Abandonment, as used herein, has reference to cases where the lessor or a permittor Government agency is unwilling to accept transfer of buildings or improvements in lieu of restoration, but is willing to permit the Department to leave buildings or improvements having no net salvage value on their premises. It is desirable to transfer title of or accountability for improvements having no net salvage value to lessors or permittors instead of obtaining their consent to abandon such improvements. Abandonment as authorized herein will not be a means for dropping accountability or responsibility for maintenance of improvements on non-excess land.

§644.497 Destruction.

Disposal by the Corps of Engineers, as authorized in AR 405-90, does not contemplate expenditure of funds for destruction of improvements which have no sale or salvage value. Accordingly, where such improvement have been approved for disposal by the Corps of Engineers, they will be referred back to the appropriate Army of Air Force command for disposal action under AR 405-90 or AFR 87-4 as appropriate. However, improvements with little or no salvage value may be included in the same item with other improvements being offered for sale which are more attractive improvements without an expenditure of Government funds.

§§ 644.498—644.500 [Reserved]

DISPOSAL OF STANDING TIMBER, CROPS, AND EMBEDDED GRAVEL, SAND AND STONE

§644.501 Authority.

(a) *Crops.* Crops are defined as personal property in FPMR 101-47.103-12 and are disposed of under FPMR 101-45.309-1 (Sale, Abandonment, or Destruction of Personal Property). The Corps of Engineers does not dispose of

crops on military lands. However, when lands are in the custody of the Corps for construction purposes, the Corps will dispose of crops thereon.

(b) Standing Timber, Embedded Gravel, Sand or Stone. These are defined as real property (FPMR 101–47.103–12(c)). The holding agency is designated as disposal agency for standing timber and embedded gravel, sand, and stone to be disposed of without the underlying land. (FPMR §101–47.302–2).

(c) Small Lots of Standing Timber. In accordance with AR 405-90, installation commanders are authorized to sell small lots of standing timber with a value not more than \$1,000 that are in conformity with the installation Forest Management Plan. Public notice is required of the availability of the timber for sale. The total of such sales in any one calendar year will not exceed \$10,000.

(d) Restriction on Removal of Sand, Clay, Gravel, Stone and Similar Material. The Army is without authority to remove such products from public domain land located within the military installation where the material is to be used off the installation. With permission of the Secretary of the Interior, such material may be removed pursuant to 30 U.S.C. 601. In such cases, DAEN-REM will obtain the necessary permission.

§ 644.502 Determination of excess status.

- (a) *Military*. The procedure for excessing and disposal of standing timber and embedded gravel, sand and stone is outlined in AR 405-90. The procedure for the determination of availability of timber for disposal is outlined in AR 420-74.
- (b) Civil Works. (1) When the DE believes that standing timber, embedded gravel, sand or stone (whether designated for disposition with the land or by severance and removal from the land) is excess to requirements, he will submit a recommendation to DAEN-REM for approval. The DE is authorized, however, to dispose of standing timber or other forest products required to be removed incident to construction and operational requirements of the project; that which is generated incident to recreational development

§ 644.503

or the management of public park and recreational areas or wildlife management areas; or that which is generated in accordance with approved forest management supplements to the approved Master Plan (ER 1130-2-400). As far as practicable, high grade species in short supply will not be disposed of, but will be retained for possible defense requirements. When the amount for sawtimber under the above criteria available for disposal exceeds 5,000,000 board feet, request will be made to DAEN-REM, for determination whether there are any defense requirements for the timber. The request will include an estimate of the amounts by species and the range in sizes. All timber disposals, except those involving timber below the project clearing line or in construction sites, will be compatible with the planned use of the areas for the purpose to which they are allocated in approved Master Plans and such disposals will be incidental to that use. The DE may authorize the disposal of growing crops when their disposal is deemed necessary to prevent waste.

(2) Under the provisions of section 5 of the act of 13 June 1902, as amended, (33 U.S.C. 558), proceeds from disposal of these items on civil works property may be returned to the appropriation.

§644.503 Methods of disposal.

Standing timber, crops, sand, gravel, or stone-quarried products, authorized for disposal in accordance with the foregoing, will be disposed of by transfer to another Federal agency or by sale

§644.504 Disposal plan for timber.

The DE take appropriate action to assure that construction contractors are not authorized, in the clearance of construction sites, to burn or otherwise destroy merchantable timber unless circumstances exist which preclude sale or salvage. In preparing for disposal of timber, a disposal plan will be prepared which will include the following:

(a) Live timber and merchantable dead timber will be marked for cutting in accordance with the land management plan, Master Plan, or forestry supplement thereto, and cutting will be

limited to the timber so marked. The disposal plan will contain sufficient information in this respect to permit preparation of specifications for inclusion in the invitation for bids.

- (b) Utilization of existing roadways and construction of new roads and saw mills should be limited to the minimum necessary.
- (c) Requirement that the customary practices in elimination of fire hazards be observed with necessary specifications therefor.
- (d) The installation commander will be consulted to obtain his desires in connection with security measures, and other matters affecting the installations, and the requirements of such measures will be set forth specifically.
- (e) Any measures considered necessary to protect timber and young growth not marked for cutting will be specified.
- (f) Where an appraisal is required, the appraisal report will be prepared by a competent forester. The report will indicate the number and size of each species and classification of trees to be cut; the estimated board feet in log scale measurement; linear estimates of pole timber, and amount of cord wood. The appraiser should indicate in the appraisal report what, in his opinion, should be acceptable as a minimum price for different types of timber, as well as a total or lump sum estimate for the whole. Methods of administration and sale of timber by the Army or Air Force should follow the same general rules employed by the U.S. Forest Service in its sales and forestry practices. U.S. Forest Service personnel may be available for this work, if desired, on a reimbursable basis, provided the size of the area in question and the location render such arrangements fea-
- (g) Minor sales, involving lots with an estimated value of \$1,000 or less, may be accomplished by the reservoir manager on civil works projects under general guidance issued by the DE Real Estate Branch. In such minor sales, two or more informal bids, in writing, will be obtained, if possible. If only one bid can be obtained, the proposed sale will be posted for a period of ten (10) days.